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Publisher: Taylor & Francis

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## Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information:

http://www.tandfonline.com/loi/gmcl16

## Frequency Dependence of The Conductivity and Dielectric Constant of Ch(Ircl<sub>6</sub>) <sub>Y</sub> and Ch(I)<sub>Y</sub>

E. K. Sichel  $^{\rm a}$  , M. F. Rubner  $^{\rm a}$  , M. A. Druy  $^{\rm a}$  , J. I. Gittleman  $^{\rm b}$  & S. Bozowski Rca  $^{\rm b}$ 

<sup>a</sup> GTE Laboratories, Inc., 40 Sylvan Road Waltham, MA, 02254

<sup>b</sup> Laboratories Princeton, NJ, 08540

Version of record first published: 20 Apr 2011.

To cite this article: E. K. Sichel , M. F. Rubner , M. A. Druy , J. I. Gittleman & S. Bozowski Rca (1984): Frequency Dependence of The Conductivity and Dielectric Constant of  $Ch(Ircl_6)_Y$  and  $Ch(I)_Y$ , Molecular Crystals and Liquid Crystals, 106:3-4, 416-416

To link to this article: http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/00268948408071469

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Mol. Cryst. Liq. Cryst., 1984, Vol. 106, p. 416 0026-8941/84/1064-0416/\$18.50/0 © 1984 Gordon and Breach, Science Publishers, Inc. Printed in the United States of America

FREQUENCY DEPENDENCE OF THE CONDUCTIVITY AND DIELECTRIC CONSTANT OF  $\mathrm{CH(Ircl}_6)_y$  and  $\mathrm{CH(I)}_y$ 

E.K. SICHEL, M.F. RUBNER and M.A. DRUY GTE Laboratories, Inc. 40 Sylvan Road Waltham, MA 02254

J.I. GITTLEMAN and S. BOZOWSKI RCA Laboratories Princeton, NJ 08540

Abstract. We have measured the ac properties of polyacetylene doped with  $H_2IrCl_6 \cdot 6H_2O$  and  $I_2$  from  $10^5$  to  $10^7$  Hz at room temperature. We find in both cases that the conductivity is only weakly dependent on frequency, in agreement with previous work. 1,2 However, we find that the dielectric constant of  $CH(IrCl_6)_y$  is anomalously large  $^{10^4}$ . We suggest that the large dielectric constant can be modeled by an effective medium theory assuming that the  $\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{IrCl}_6)_y$  is a mixture of conducting and insulating regions. TEM evidence in support of the model will be presented. The results of  $\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{IrCl}_6)_{\mathrm{V}}$  will be contrasted with  $\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{I})_{\mathrm{V}}$  where TEM evidence shows a uniform distribution of dopant in the polyacetylene and the dielectric constant is significantly lower.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>P.M. Grant and M. Krounbi, <u>Sol. Stat. Comm.</u>, <u>36</u>, 291 (1980).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>A.J. Epstein, H.W. Gibson, P.M. Chaikin, W.G. Clark, and G. Gruner, Chemica Scripta, 17, 135 (1981).